Seismic Dilatometer sDMT



The seismic dilatometer is an add-on module that may be combined with the dilatometer or with the CPT for measuring the shear wave velocity Vs (SDMT) and compression wave velocity Vp (SPDMT).

The SDMT is the combination of the flat dilatometer with an add-on seismic module for the measurement

of the shear wave velocity. The seismic module is a tubular element placed above the DMT blade, equipped with two receivers located at 0.5 m distance. When a shear wave is generated at surface, it reaches first the upper receiver, then, after a delay, the lower receiver.

The seismograms acquired by the two receivers, amplified and digitized at depth, are transmitted to a PC at the surface, that automatically calculates the delay using the Cross Correlation algorithm.



Seismic Dilatometer (SDMT)





 V_s is obtained as the ratio between the difference in distance between the source and the two receivers (S2-S1) and the delay ΔT from the first to the second receiver. The true-interval test configuration with two receivers avoids possible inaccuracy of the "zero time" at the hammer impact, sometimes observed in the pseudointerval one-receiver configuration.

SDMT Test Layout